

## Overview

- 2014: The Year in Review
- State of the Transportation Network
- Outlook for 2015 and Beyond



## 2014: The Year in Review

- Transportation Emergencies
- Act 98 Implementation
- Strategic Direction
- Audits and Awards



## Transportation Emergencies

- Ice Storms
- Earthquake
- Early Summer Flooding
- Rail Derailment and Emergency Bridge Replacement





## Act 98 Implementation

- Non-federal aid secondary resurfacing
- Replacement of load-restricted and closed bridges
- Interstate improvements





# SCDOT Strategic Direction

#### Framework

- Core Values
- Vital Few Goals
- Management Emphasis Areas

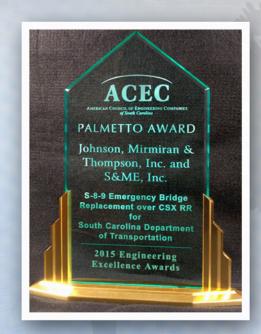
#### Accomplishments

- Manpower
- Internal Management Measurement and Targets
- Public Responsiveness
- Encroachment Permit Processing System
- Minority and Small Business Affairs
- Procurement Changes



## **Audits and Awards**

- Recovery Audit
- Public Transit Annual Audit
- FHWA/SCDOT Stewardship & Oversight Agreement
- ACEC Palmetto Award
- Keep America Beautiful Award
- Great American Clean-Up
- National Walk-to-School Day





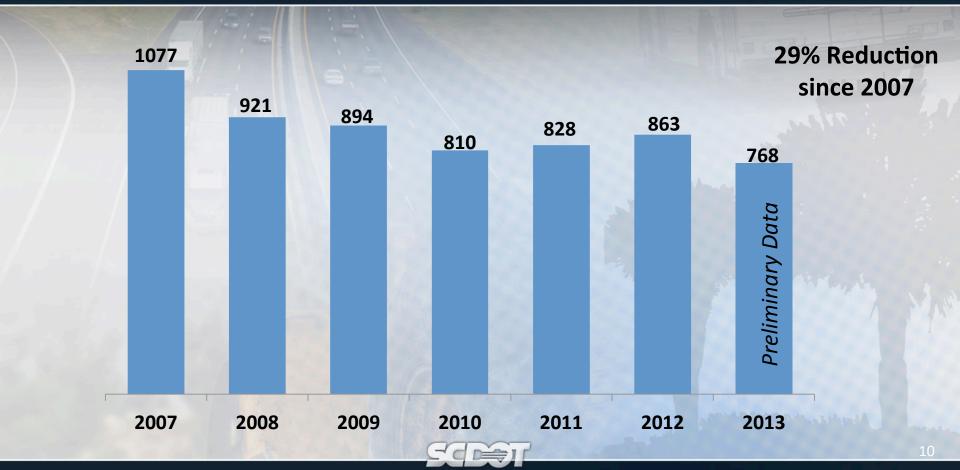
## The State of the Transportation Network



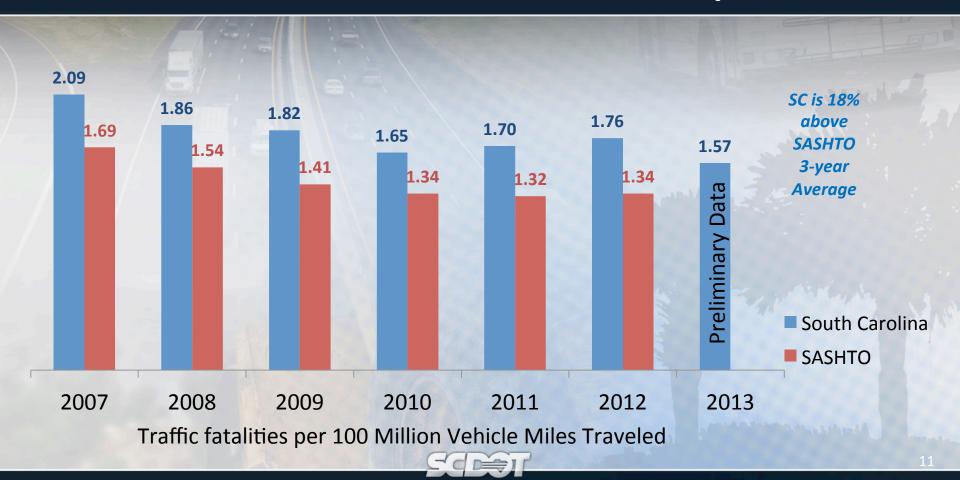
# Safety



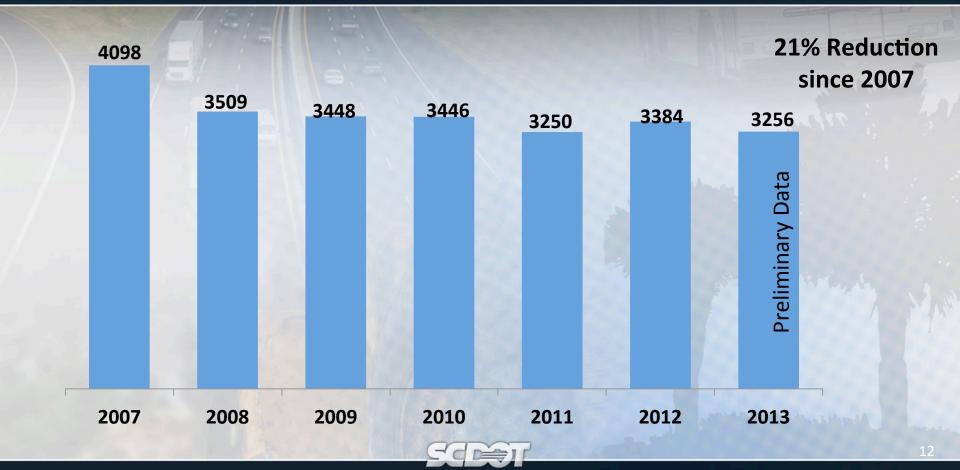
# Traffic Fatalities in SC



# SC vs SASHTO Traffic Fatality Rate



# Traffic Serious Injuries



# South Carolina's Bridges



# South Carolina's Bridges

#### **8,420 State Owned Bridges**

1,600 (19.0%) are Substandard

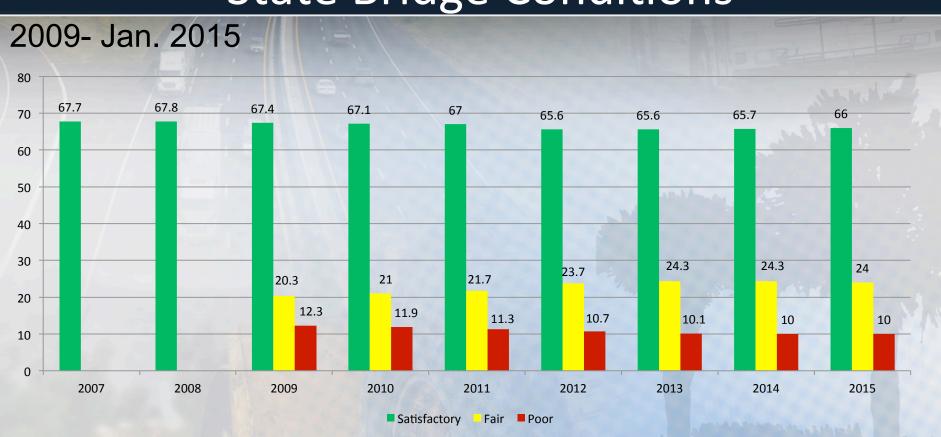
- 822 (9.8%) are Structurally Deficient
- 778 (9.2%) are Functionally Obsolete

390 (4.6%) are Load Restricted

10 (0.1%) are Closed

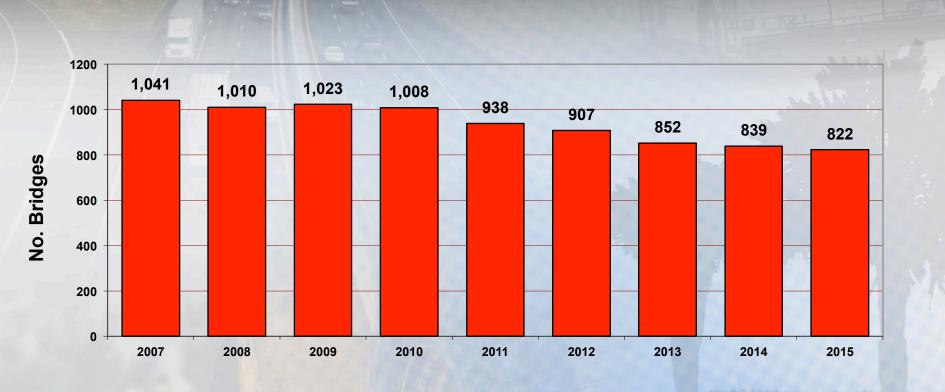


# State Bridge Conditions





# Structurally Deficient Bridges



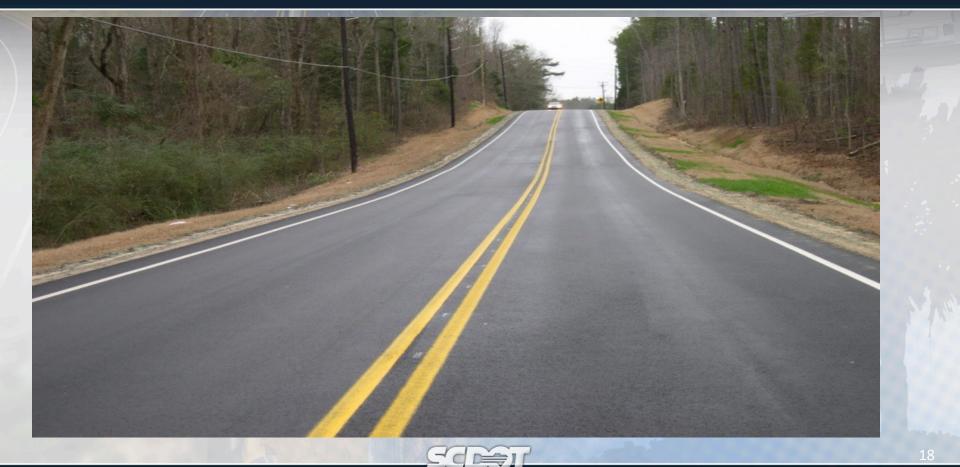


# Load Restricted and Closed Bridges





# South Carolina's Pavements

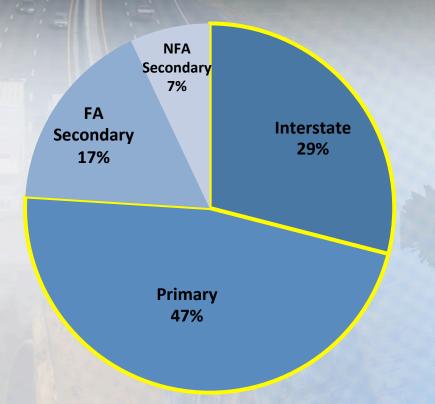


# The State System

		BOOK BUILDING STATES
Total	41,414 4 <sup>th</sup>	90,530 Largest
Non Federal Aid Secondar	y 20,821	41,758
Federal Aid Secondary	10,271	21,108
Primary	9,472	23,869
Interstate	851	3,796
Route Type	Centerline Miles	Lane Miles



# % Traffic Carried by Route Type



≈ 75% of SC's traffic is carried on Interstate and Primary Routes

Data as of December 31, 2013

# Interstate System Pavement Condition

#### Federal Aid Eligible

851 centerline miles

3796 lane miles

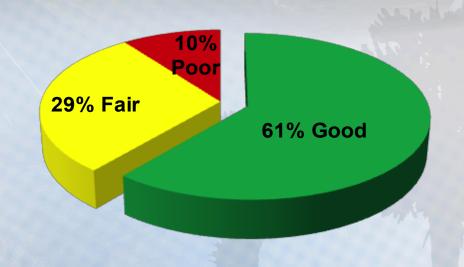
Interstate system is over 50 years old

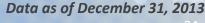
Nearly 29% of all roadway travel in SC occurs on the interstates

Key component of Freight Network

**Heavy Truck volumes** 

13% of interstate are high usage, carrying over 70,000 vehicles per day

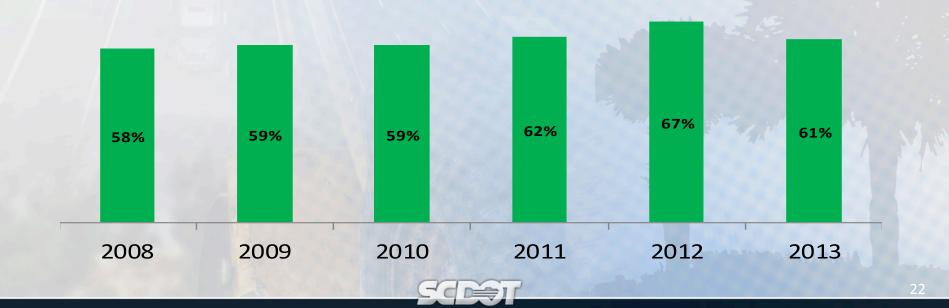




## Interstate System Pavement Condition

% Pavement in Good Condition

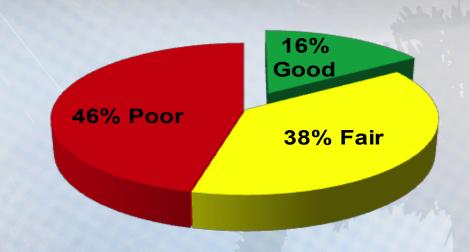
Carries 29% of the Traffic Heavy Truck Volumes



# Primary System Pavement Condition

### Federal Aid Eligible

- 9,472 centerline miles
- 23,869 lane miles
- Comprised of US and SC routes
- Includes routes on the National Highway System (NHS)
- 47% of all travel in SC occurs on the primary system



Source: Road Inventory Management System (RIMS)

Data as of January 2014



# **Primary System Pavement Condition**

% Pavement in Good Condition

**Carries 47% of the Traffic** 



# Secondary System Pavement Condition

#### **Federal Aid Eligible Portion**



10,271 centerline miles

21,108 lane miles

Higher volume secondary's

17% of travel occurs on the federal aid secondary system

#### Non Federal Aid Eligible Portion



20,821 centerline miles

41,758 lane miles

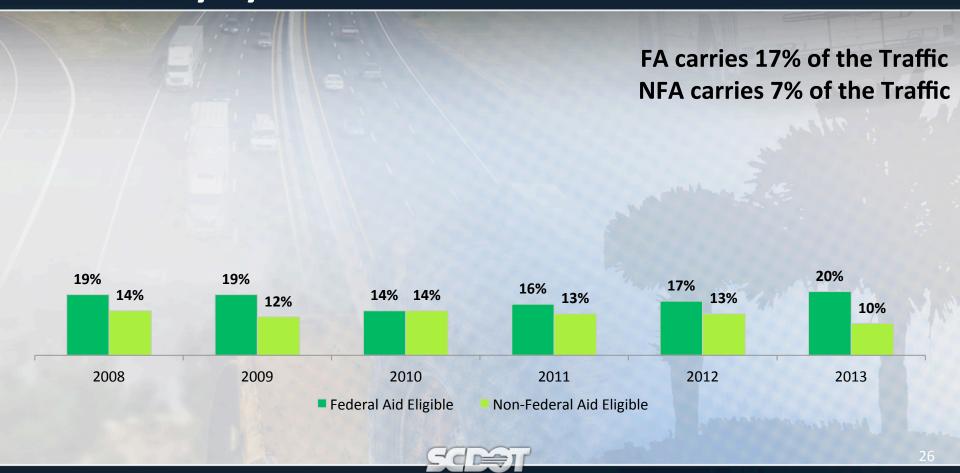
30% are in urban areas, comprising over 12,000 individual road segments

7% of travel occurs on the non federal aid secondary system

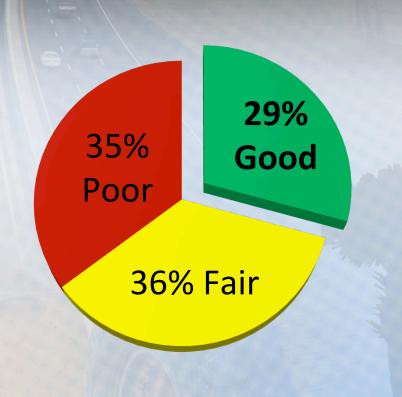
Data as of December 31, 2013



#### **Secondary System: % Pavement in Good Condition**

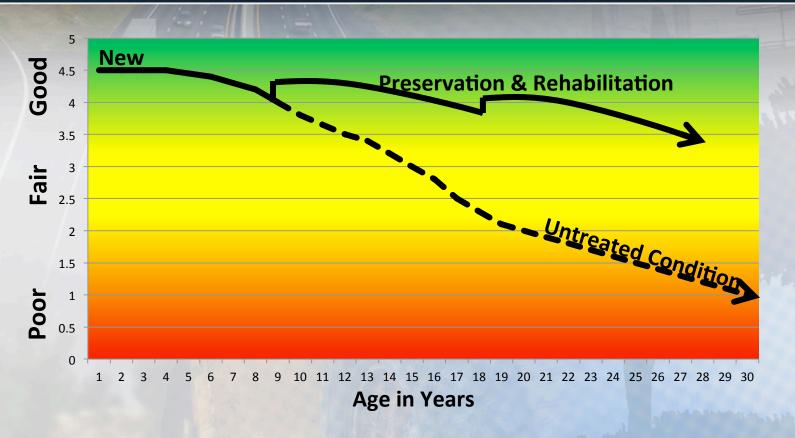


# % VMT on Pavement Condition Type



29% of SC's traffic is riding on good pavements

# Pavement Performance

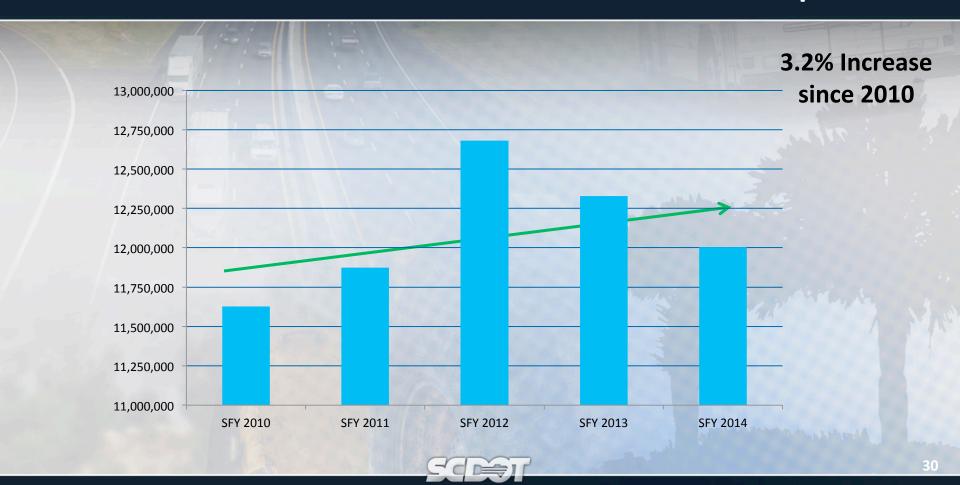




# Public Transit Condition and Performance



# Statewide Public Transit Ridership



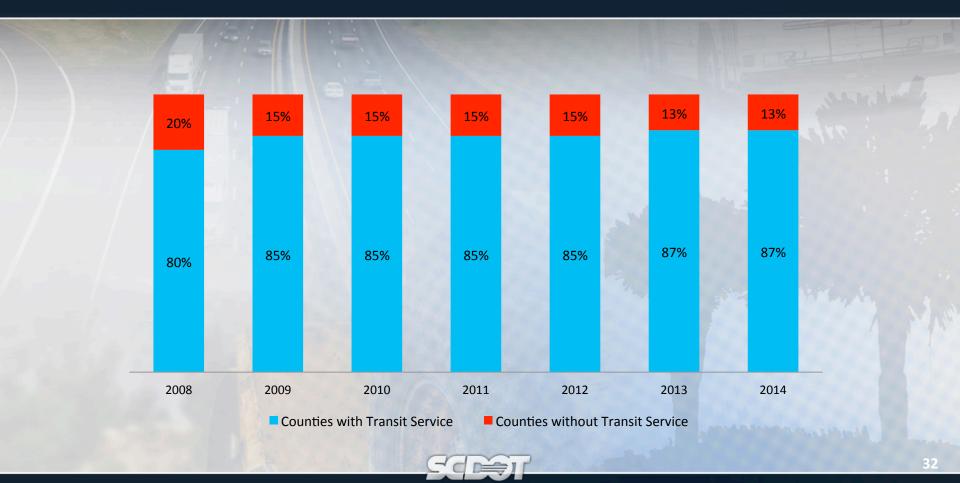
# **Public Transit Efficiency**

#### Statewide Cost per Passenger Trip

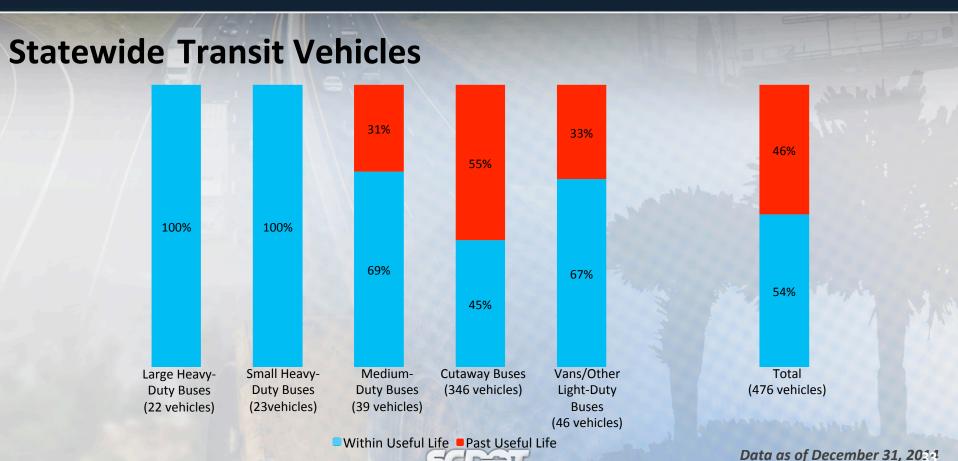




## **Public Transit Statewide Access**



## **Public Transit Asset Condition**



# Outlook for 2015 and Beyond



# Funding Issues

- Twenty-Nine Year Needs: SC 2040 Multimodal Transportation Plan
- Governor Haley's Funding Package Proposal:
  - Preservation First
- The Outlook for Federal Funding and SCDOT Financial Operations



# Twenty-Nine Year Needs: SC 2040 Multimodal Transportation Plan

### 2040 SC Multimodal Transportation Plan

- Developed in partnership with South Carolina Department of Commerce and the South Carolina Ports Authority.
- Approved by the SCDOT Commission in December 2014.
- The SCMTP is updated every 5 years to define the State's vision for transportation, along with system trends, conditions, and needs.





### 2040 MODAL NEEDS, REVENUE, AND FUNDING GAP



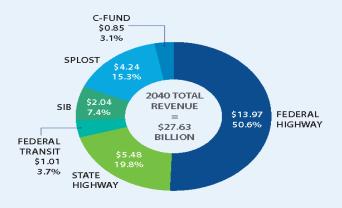
**Highways** \$59.76 Billion



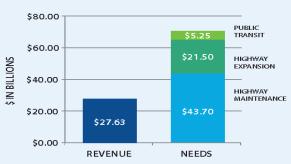
Bridges \$5.44 Billion



Public **Transit** \$5.25 Billion



SIB = State Infrastructure Bank SPLOST = Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax



Includes highway, bridge, and transit. Annual Funding Gap = \$1.47 Billion













## Governor Haley's Funding Package Proposal: \*\*Preservation First\*\*



### The Cost of Total Needs

\$1.47 Billion

Can we afford to fully address all our long term goals?

### In the Short-Term We Can:

- Focus on the most critical needs.
- Focus on reversing the decline and improving the condition of the existing 41,000 mile state-owned system.



### What Would \$394 Million Buy?

### **Preservation First for the State-owned System:**

\$208 to stop the downward trends for Bridges,
 Pavements and Routine Maintenance;

### AND

 \$186 to reverse the decline and begin to improve Pavements, Bridges on Interstates and Primaries and make low cost improvements at some points of congestion.



### What Would \$394 Million Buy?

### For Example, Over 10 Years

- ½ the number of structurally deficient bridges on the most heavily traveled routes; AND
- 95% of Interstate pavements up to good condition; AND
- Double the number of primary systems pavement in good condition; AND
- Low cost, operational improvements to address congestion; AND
- A higher level of routine maintenance



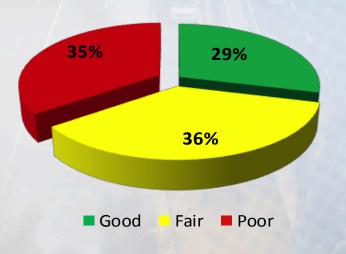
### Continued Delivery of Existing Programs

- Act 98 Projects, AND
- Act 176 Projects, AND
- All projects in the current, fiscally constrained, sixyear State Transportation Improvement Program, AND
- All projects funded by the State Infrastructure Bank,
   AND
- Continued support of County Sales Tax Programs.

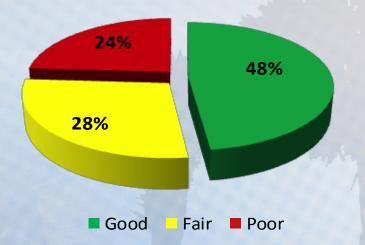


### % Traffic Riding on Good Pavements

**Current Conditions** 



Forecasted Conditions in 10 years with Governor Haley's Plan





### The Outlook for Federal Funding and SCDOT Financial Operations

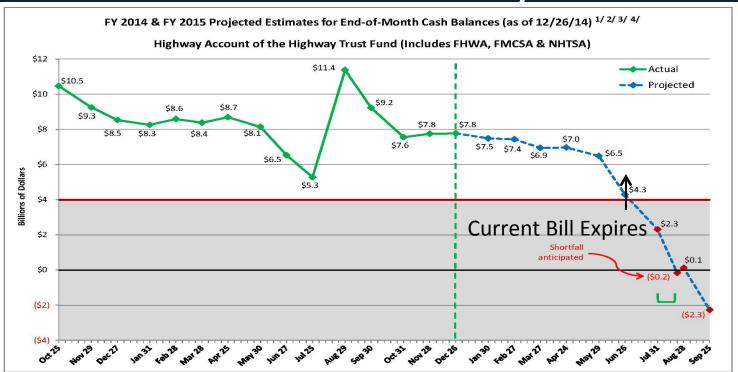


### Federal Program

### **Map 21**

- Expires May 31, 2015.
- Cash balance of the Highway Trust Fund is forecasted to drop below targeted level in July 2015.
- Spending level of the Highway Trust Fund has outpaced Federal Fuel Revenues since 2000.
- SAFETEA-LU, the previous Transportation Bill, was renewed 10 times before it was reauthorized with MAP-21 in June 2012.

### Federal Solvency



<sup>1/</sup> Graph reflects actual data through 12/26/14 and end-of-month projections for the remainder of FY 2015.

Source: FHWA

<sup>2/</sup> Total receipt and outlay projections are based on FY 2015 Mid-Session Review assumptions. Projected monthly receipt and outlay rates are based on historic averages.

<sup>3/</sup> Range of anticipated shortfall: Green brackets denote the estimated window of when the anticipated shortfall will occur.

<sup>4/</sup> The shaded area represents when the Highway Account balance drops below \$4 billion, at which point cash management procedures may become necessary.

### SCDOT's Response and Preparation

- Closely monitor cash balance and cash forecast to ensure adequate funding if FHWA initiates alternative cash management procedures.
- Fully engage with AASHTO.
- Communicate with stakeholders at the state and federal level.



### Federal Program: Path Forward

### **Continue**

- Federal Projects
- Act 98 Projects
- Normal Statewide
   Maintenance Activity
- Timely Contractor and Supplier Payments

### **Closely Monitor**

- SCDOT Cash Activity and Cash Balance
- Congressional Activity
- Highway Trust Fund Forecasted Cash Balance

### Federal Program: Path Forward

- Carefully evaluate the start-up of new projects or phases of a project that may result in a large increase or surge in the need for Federal-Aid funding.
- Review the need to suspend lettings of Federal-Aid projects if Congressional action is not completed by the end of May 2015.



### Today and Beyond 2015



### Management Emphasis: Process Re-Engineering

- Privatization/Outsourcing
- Integrated Information Management Systems
- Risk-based Asset Management System
- Performance Targets and Resource Deployment
- Innovations for Expediting Project Delivery
- Internal Management Monitoring and Reporting
- Continued Financial Management Improvements



# The State of SCDOT

Janet P. Oakley
Secretary of
Transportation
February 18, 2015